# **ENG SCIENTIFIC, LLC**

# 121 Jersey Ave, 2<sup>nd</sup> Floor New Brunswick, NJ, USA 08901

# SAFETY DATA SHEET (SDS)

#### <u>#1 - IDENTIFICATION</u>

Product Identifier – H-PACK II RINSE (Wright Giemsa Stain) **Product Code – 1200, 1201 Synonyms – Rinse Solution** Recommended use - Professional, scientific and medical-technical activities **Recommended restrictions -** None known **Manufacturer:** Company Name - ENG Scientific, LLC 121 Jersey Ave, 2<sup>nd</sup> Floor New Brunswick, NJ, USA 08901 Contact Telephone (973) 472 - 7200 Toll Free (800) 922 - 0223 Website www.engscientific.com E-mail info@engscientific.com **Emergency Contact** Chemtrec (800) 424-9300 (217) 424-5200 ADM Corporate

#### **<u>#2 - Hazard(s) Identification</u>**

Physical hazardsFlammable liquidCategory 1Health hazardEye damage/irritantCategory 0Label elementsCategory 0



Signal word	Warning
Hazard statement	N/A
Precautions	Keep away from heat/open flames/hot surfaces
Storage	Store at room temperature
Supplemental info	Avoid release to the environment
Disposal	Dispose of contents-according to local regulations

NFPA Rating	- HEALTH:	0
	- FLAMMABILITY:	1
	- REACTIVITY:	0

#### #3 – Composition

Chemical name:

Methanol

CAS # 67-56-1

#### #4 - First-aid measures

Inhalation: Remove to fresh air.

Eye contact: Remove contact lenses if worn. In case of contact,

immediately flush eyes with plenty of clean running water for at least 15 minutes, lifting the upper and lower eyelids occasionally. Obtain medical attention.

Skin contact: Wash skin and clothing with soap and water.

**Swallowing:** Swallowing methanol is potentially life threatening. Onset of symptoms may be delayed for 18 to 24 hours. Do not induce vomiting.

# <u>#5 – Fire-fighting measures</u>

**Extinguishing media:** Use water spray, carbon dioxide, dry chemical, alcohol-type, or universal type foams applied by manufacturer's recommended technique.

**Special fire-fighting procedures:** Methanol burns with a clean clear flame that is almost invisible in daylight. Closed containers may rupture violently and suddenly release methanol when exposed to fire or excessive heat for a sufficient period of time. Vapors are slightly heavier than air and may travel long distances toward sources of ignition.

# <u>#6 – Accidental release measures</u>

**Steps to be taken in case material is released or spilled:** Extinguish all sources of ignition; ventilate the area; flood or flush the area with water. Prevent spilled methanol from entering sewers, confined spaces, drains, or waterways. Put material in suitable, covered, labeled containers. Flush area with water.

# <u>#7 – Handling and storage</u>

Handling: No smoking or open flame in storage, use or handling areas. Use explosion proof electrical equipment. Ensure proper grounding procedures are in place.

Storage: Store at room temperature and in a tightly closed container.

# <u>#8 – Exposure controls/personal protection</u>

Respiratory protection: NOISH - approved respirator. Ventilation: General (mechanical) room ventilation recommended. Special local ventilation also recommended. Protective gloves: Impermeable. Eye protection: Chemical splash goggles or face shield. Other protective equipment: Lab coat, eye bath, safety shower.

# <u>#9 – Physical and chemical properties</u>

Appearance: Clear, colorless liquid.Odor: Mild characteristic alcohol odor.Boiling point:  $64.7^{\circ}$ CSpecific gravity:  $(H_2O = 1) 0.791 @ 20^{\circ}$ CFreezing point:  $-97.8^{\circ}$ CVapor density: (air = 1) 1.105Solubility in H<sub>2</sub>0 = CompleteFreezing point:  $-97.8^{\circ}$ CEvaporation Rate = 5.8Flash point: $108^{\circ}$ F, Tag Closed Cup ASTM D 56Freezing point:  $-97.8^{\circ}$ CEvaporation Rate = 5.8

# <u>#10 – Stability and reactivity</u>

Stability: Stable as supplied.
Incompatibility: Avoid contact with strong oxidizers, strong mineral or organic acids, and strong bases. May be corrosive to lead, aluminum, magnesium, and platinum.
Conditions to avoid: Avoid contact with sparks, heat, open flame, or ignition sources.
Hazardous polymerization: Will not occur.

# **<u>#11 - Toxicology information</u>**

### **Route of Exposure - Inhalation**

Prolonged inhalation of vapors causes dizziness, nausea, visual impairment, respiratory failure, muscular non-coordination and narcosis. Inhalation of high concentrations for prolonged periods has resulted in death. Liver damage has resulted from prolonged or repeated inhalation of vapors.

#### **Route of Exposure - Skin**

Essentially non-irritating. Repeated or prolonged contact causes drying, brittleness, cracking and irritation. Slightly toxic to animals by absorption.

#### First Aid - Skin

Remove contaminated clothing and wash contaminated skin with large amounts water. If irritation persists, contact a physician, **Route of Exposure - Eyes** 

May cause eye injury which may persist for several days. Liquid and vapor in high concentrations, causes irritation, tearing and burning sensation.

#### First Aid - Eyes

Flush eyes with water for at least 15 minutes. Contact a physician

#### **Route of Exposure - Ingestion**

Poisonous if swallowed. Can affect the optic nerve resulting in blindness. Can cause mental sluggishness, nausea and vomiting leading to severe illness, possibly death (in humans). Practically non-toxic to animals.

#### Health Conditions Aggravated by Exposure

Methanol exposure may aggravate existing eye, skin, kidney and liver disorders. Pre placement and annual medical examinations are recommended for workers who normally handle methanol with emphasis on neurological, visual, liver and kidney functions. Monitoring of air in the work place is recommended to maintain methanol vapors below recommended TLV.

### <u>#12 – Ecological information</u>

**DO NOT** discharge into sewer or waterways. Small spills should be flushed with large quantities of water. Large spills should be collected for disposal. Flush with water, controlled burning.

#### <u>#13 – Disposal considerations</u>

Disposal of hazardous material may be subject to federal, state or local regulations. The information contained in this document is believed to be factual, however, nothing presented herein is to be taken as a warranty or representation for which ENG Scientific, LLC shall be responsible.

### <u>#14 – Transport information</u>

PROPER SHIPPING NAME: N/A UN NUMBER: N/A HAZARD CLASS: N/A PACKING GROUP: N/A DOT SHIPPING LABEL: N/A

### <u>#15 – Regulatory information</u>

US federal regulations All components are on the U.S. EPA TSCA Inventory List. TSCA Section 12(b)Export Notification (40 CFR 707, SUBPT. D) Not regulated US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050 Not on regulatory list CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4) Methanol (CAS 67-56-1) Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA) Hazard categories Immediate Hazard – Yes

Delayed Hazard –Yes Fire Hazard – Yes Pressure Hazard – No Reactivity Hazard – No

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance Not listed

#### Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List: Not regulated Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112® Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130): Not regulated Clean Water Act (CWA) Section 112® (40 CFR 68.130): Not regulated. Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA): Not regulated. Drug enforcement Administration (DEA). List 2 Essential Chemicals (21 CFR 1310.02(b) and 1310.04(f)(2) and

Chemical Code Number: Not listed.

Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 1 & 2 Exempt Chemical Mixtures (21 CFR 1310.12(c): Not regulated.

DEA Exempt Chemical Mixtures Code Number: Not regulated.

Food and Drug Administration (FDA): N/A

**US state regulation:** California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (Proposition 65): This material is not known to contain any chemicals currently listed as carcinogens or reproductive toxins.

US. Massachusetts RTK – Substance List: Methanol (CAS 67-56-1)

US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act: Methanol (CAS 67-56-1)

US. Pennsylvania RTK – Hazardous Substances: Methanol (CAS 67-56-1)

US. Rhode Island RTK: Methanol (CAS 67-56-1)

**US California Proposition 65:** WARNING

US-California Proposition 65 – Carcinogens and Reproductive Toxicity (CRT): Developmental toxin

Methanol (CAS 67-56-1)

# **International Inventories**

<b>Country/Region</b>	Inventory name	On Inventory*
Canada	Non-domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances (EINECS)	Yes
U.S.	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	Yes
Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	Yes
* Vas complies with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country		

\* Yes complies with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country.

# <u>#16 – Other information</u>

Issue dateJanuary 31, 2022Version #05Further informationThe information contained in this document is believed to be factual, however, nothingpresented herein is to be taken as a warranty or representation for which ENG Scientific, LLC shall be responsible.